

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

KENNETH TAYLOR CURRY,

Plaintiff,

v.

VANCOUVER HOUSING  
AUTHORITY, et al.,

Defendants.

CASE NO. C16-5784 RBL

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR  
RECONSIDERATION

THIS MATTER is before the Court on Plaintiff Kenneth Curry's Motion for Reconsideration [Dkt. #41] of the Court's Order granting summary judgment to Defendant Vancouver Housing Authority [Dkt. #39]. Curry's motion restates his perceived grievances against VHA and asserts "that the Court does not have a correct view of the facts or accurate law." Dkt. 41 at 1.

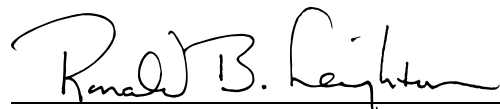
Under Local Rule 7(h)(1), motions for reconsideration are disfavored, and will ordinarily be denied unless there is a showing of (a) manifest error in the ruling, or (b) facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to the attention of the court earlier, through reasonable diligence. The term "manifest error" is "an error that is plain and indisputable, and that amounts to a complete disregard of the controlling law or the credible evidence in the record." Black's Law Dictionary 622 (9th ed. 2009).

1 Reconsideration is an “extraordinary remedy, to be used sparingly in the interests of  
2 finality and conservation of judicial resources.” *Kona Enters., Inc. v. Estate of Bishop*, 229 F.3d  
3 877, 890 (9th Cir. 2000). “[A] motion for reconsideration should not be granted, absent highly  
4 unusual circumstances, unless the district court is presented with newly discovered evidence,  
5 committed clear error, or if there is an intervening change in the controlling law.” *Marlyn*  
6 *Natraceuticals, Inc. v. Mucos Pharma GmbH & Co.*, 571 F.3d 873, 880 (9th Cir. 2009). Neither  
7 the Local Civil Rules nor the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, which allow for a motion for  
8 reconsideration, is intended to provide litigants with a second bite at the apple. A motion for  
9 reconsideration should not be used to ask a court to rethink what the court had already thought  
10 through — rightly or wrongly. *Defenders of Wildlife v. Browner*, 909 F.Supp. 1342, 1351 (D.  
11 Ariz. 1995). Mere disagreement with a previous order is an insufficient basis for reconsideration,  
12 and reconsideration may not be based on evidence and legal arguments that could have been  
13 presented at the time of the challenged decision. *Haw. Stevedores, Inc. v. HT & T Co.*, 363 F.  
14 Supp. 2d 1253, 1269 (D. Haw. 2005). “Whether or not to grant reconsideration is committed to  
15 the sound discretion of the court.” *Navajo Nation v. Confederated Tribes & Bands of the Yakima*  
16 *Indian Nation*, 331 F.3d 1041, 1046 (9th Cir. 2003).

17 Curry has not met this standard. The Motion for Reconsideration [Dkt. #41] is **DENIED**.

18 IT IS SO ORDERED.

19 Dated this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of May, 2018.

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22 Ronald B. Leighton  
23 United States District Judge  
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